



## The key to a proper fit for keyways

Selecting the proper size keyway is determined by the shaft size. Sometimes you can put a square peg in a round hole.

**D**id you ever have someone tell you that you cannot fit a square peg into a round hole? This common phrase is misleading because it details the dimensions of neither the peg nor the hole. Clearly if the peg is 1-inch square and the hole is 4 inches in diameter, then the peg will easily fit in the hole, albeit useless. However, if that same peg was 25 mm square with a tolerance 0/-0.01mm on each side and the hole was  $\varnothing$ 25mm with a tolerance of +0.01/0mm, it would slide in easily and grab the hole at the corners.

In October's column, I mentioned the typical tolerance for keyways. Table 1 details the appropriate key slot and key sizes for various

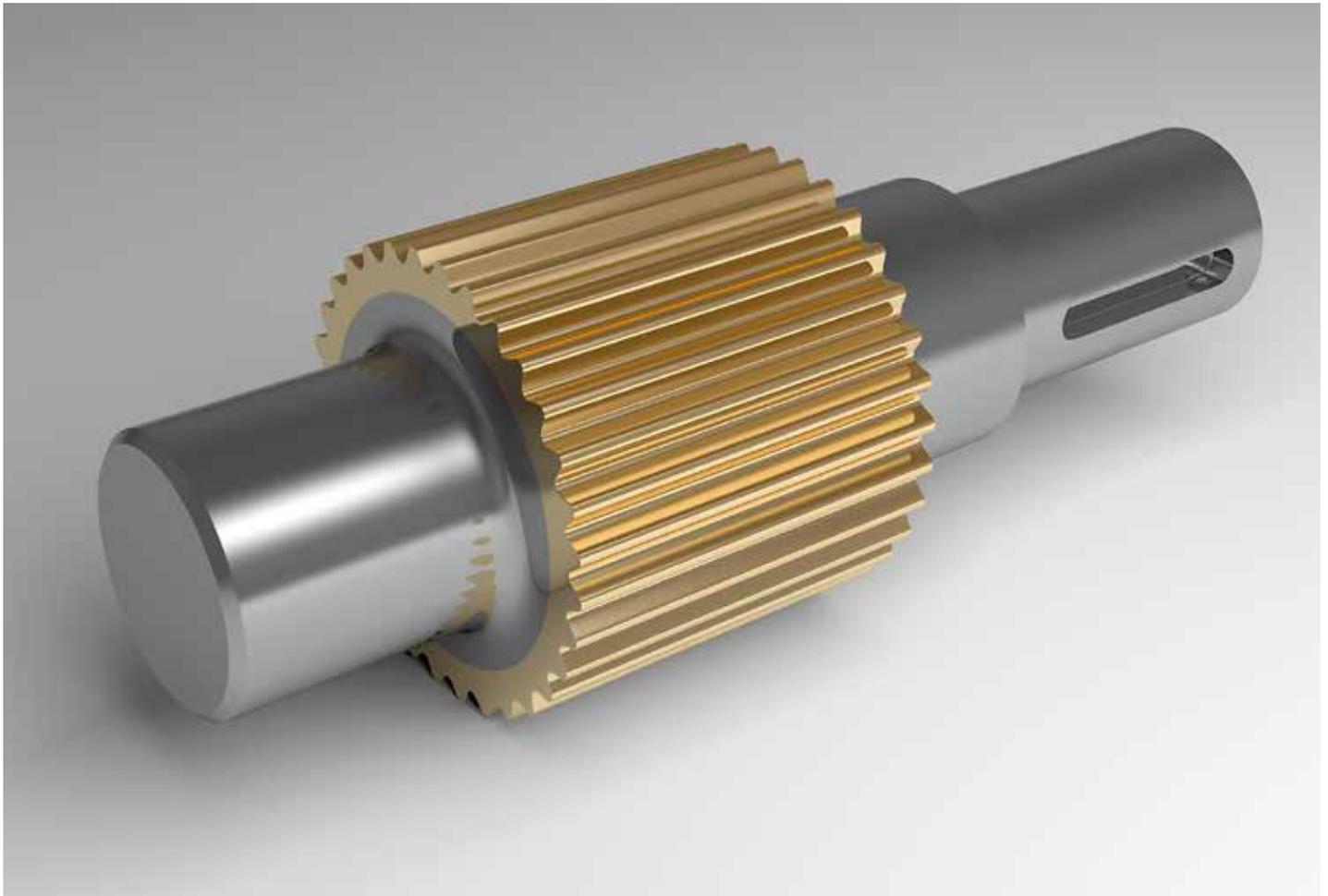
metric bores. Please note that the key sizes in parentheses are older sizes that are no longer commonly used.

As noted above, when selecting a keyway tolerance, there are two common selections in the metric system. The first is Js9. This is a +/- band clearance; the value of the tolerance is equally oversized or undersized. The second is a P9 tolerance. This is an undersized clearance. The advantage of the Js9 tolerance is that the key can be inserted and the gear manipulated without much difficulty. Whereas the P9 tolerance is a press fit tolerance. Once the key is inserted into the keyway, it is not going to move.

For those engineers who wish to put a square peg in a round hole, please consider the following:

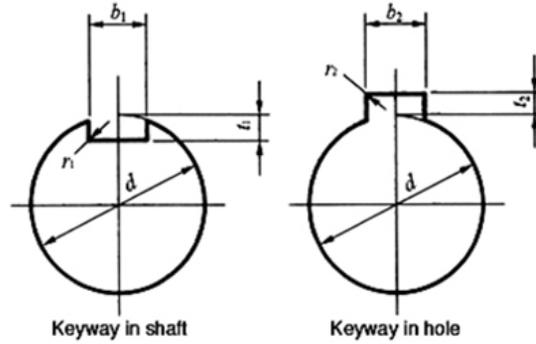
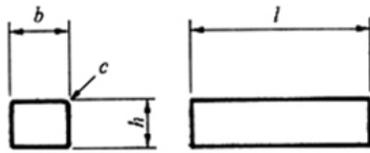
A square consists of four angles, each being 90 degrees. Therefore, there are 360 degrees in a square.

There are 360 degrees in a circle. Therefore, a square is a circle? 



### ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Brian Dengel is general manager of KHK-USA, which is based in Mineola, New York. Go online to [www.khkgears.us](http://www.khkgears.us)



Unit: mm

Nominal size of key $b \times h$	Dimension of key					Dimension of keyway								Suitable shaft dia. d		
	$b$		$h$		$c$	$l$	Basic dimension of $b_1$ and $b_2$	Tight-fit		Normal fit		$r_1$ and $r_2$	Basic dimension of $t_1$		Basic dimension of $t_2$	Tolerance of $t_1$ and $t_2$
	Basic dimension	Tolerance (h9)	Basic dimension	Tolerance				Tolerance (P9)	Tolerance (N9)	Tolerance (Js9)						
					$b_1$ and $b_2$	$b_1$	$b_2$									
2×2	2	0	2	0	0.16 ~0.25	6~20	2	-0.004	-0.004	±0.0125	0.08 ~0.16	1.2	1.0	+0.1 0	6~8	
3×3	3	-0.025	3	-0.025		6~36	3	-0.031	-0.029	±0.0150		1.8	1.4		8~10	
4×4	4	0 -0.0300	4	0		8~45	4	-0.012	0			±0.0180	2.5		1.8	10~12
5×5	5		5	-0.030		10~56	5	-0.042	-0.030				3.0		2.3	12~17
6×6	6		6	-0.030		14~70	6	-0.015 -0.051	0	±0.0180		0.16 ~0.25	3.5		2.8	17~22
(7×7)	7	0 -0.036	7.2	$0_{-0.036}^0$	16~80	7	-0.018 -0.061		0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	4.0	3.3	20~25	
8×7	8		7	0	h11	18~90		8	-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	4.0	3.3	22~30
10×8	10	0 -0.043	8	-0.090		h10	22~110	10		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	5.0	3.3
12×8	12		8	0	h11		28~140	12	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	5.0	3.3
14×9	14	0 -0.043	9	0		h10	36~160	14		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	5.5	3.8
(15×10)	15		10.2	$0_{-0.070}^0$	h11		40~180	15	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	5.0	5.3
16×10	16	10	$0_{-0.090}^0$	h11		45~180	16	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	6.0	4.3	50~58
18×11	18	0 -0.052	11		0	h10	50~200		18	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	7.0	4.4
20×12	20		12	0	h11		56~220	20	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	7.5	4.9
22×14	22	14	-0.110	h10		63~250	22	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	9.0	5.4	75~85
(24×16)	24	16.2	$0_{-0.070}^0$		h11	70~280	24		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	8.0	8.4	80~90
25×14	25	14	0	h10		70~280	25	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	9.0	5.4	85~95
28×16	28	16	-0.110		h11	80~320	28		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	10.0	6.4	95~110
32×18	32	18	0	h10		90~360	32	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	11.0	7.4	110~130
(35×22)	35	22.3	$0_{-0.084}^0$		h11	100~400	35		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	11.0	11.4	125~140
36×20	36	20	$0_{-0.130}^0$	h10		—	36	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	12.0	8.4	130~150
(38×24)	38	24.3	$0_{-0.084}^0$		h11	—	38		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	12.0	12.4	140~160
40×22	40	22	$0_{-0.130}^0$	h10		—	40	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	13.0	9.4	150~170
(42×26)	42	26.3	$0_{-0.084}^0$		h11	—	42		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	13.0	13.4	160~180
45×25	45	25	0	h10		—	45	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	15.0	10.4	170~200
50×28	50	28	-0.130		h11	—	50		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	17.0	11.4	200~230
56×32	56	32	0	h10		—	56	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	20.0	12.4	230~260
63×32	63	32	0		h11	—	63		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	20.0	12.4	260~290
70×36	70	36	0	h10		—	70	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	22.0	14.4	290~330
80×40	80	40	-0.160		h11	—	80		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	25.0	15.4	330~380
90×45	90	45	0	h10		—	90	-0.018 -0.061		0	±0.0215		0.25 ~0.40	28.0	17.4	380~440
100×50	100	50	-0.087		h11	—	100		-0.018 -0.061	0		±0.0215	0.25 ~0.40	31.0	19.5	440~500

Table 1: Flat keys and keyways